AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE

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AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE

AREA COMMISSION MEMBERS, OFFICERS, KEY ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF AND OTHER INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

MEMBERS OF AREA COMMISSION	Term Expires
Mr. Joe W. DeVore	04/15/12
Mr. Michael R. Rose, Vice-Chair	04/30/12
Mr. Charles L. Munns	04/15/13
Mr. Joe E. Lewis	01/31/11
Dr. Elizabeth Everitt	Ex-Officio
Mr. Carlos F. Garcia, Chairman	04/30/10
Ms. Patricia E. Guglieri	04/15/13
Ms. K. D. Justyn	08/01/10
Mr. Augustus T. Stephens, Jr., Secretary	01/31/11
Mr. Robert G. Sheridan	04/15/12
Mr. Timothy W. Simmons	Ex-Officio

OFFICERS OF AREA COMMISSION

Mr. Carlos F. Garcia, Chairman

Mr. Augustus T. Stephens, Jr., Secretary

KEY ADMINISTRATIVE STAFF

Dr. Susan A. Winsor, President

Mr. Andy Jordan, Vice-President of Administrative Services

Dr. James A. Schmidt, Vice-President of Student Services

Dr. Gemma K. Frock, Vice-President of Education and Training

AREA SERVED BY COMMISSION

Aiken County, South Carolina

ENTITIES WHICH PROVIDE FINANCIAL SUPPORT

State Budget and Control Board

Aiken County, South Carolina

United States Department of Education

United States Department of Labor

United States Department of Energy

United States Environmental Protection Agency



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Aiken Technical College Aiken, South Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Aiken Technical College (the "College"), a department of the State of South Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the College's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of Aiken Technical College. The Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc.'s financial statements reflect 100% of the total assets, 100% of the net assets, and 100% of the total revenues of the discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc., is based solely on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditor provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the College are intended to present the financial position, and the changes in financial position and cash flows, of only that portion of the business-type activities of the State of South Carolina that is attributable to the transactions of the College. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of South Carolina as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of Aiken Technical College, as of June 30, 2009, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 29, 2009, on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit. We have also issued our report dated September 29, 2009, on Aiken Technical College's State Lottery Tuition Assistance Program.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12 is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Augusta, Georgia September 29, 2009

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of Aiken Technical College offers readers of the College's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the College for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto, which follow this section.

The financial statements follow Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities. The financial statement presentation required by GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the College's assets, liabilities, net assets, revenues, expenses, changes in net assets, and cash flows and replaces the fund-group perspective previously required.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of Aiken Technical College exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2009 by \$28,745,323. Of this amount, \$6,070,413 may be used to meet the College's ongoing obligations.
- The College's total net assets increased by \$345,455 or 1.22%, while the Investment in capital assets, net of related debt, decreased by \$181,568, reflecting more depreciation than new construction and equipment, and the refinancing of debt associated with renovations. The College received capital funding in the amount of \$170,929, from State lottery resources. Last year the College received \$321,585 in total capital funding, also from State resources. The sum of these funds aided ongoing efforts to update equipment.
- Purchases of capital (over \$5,000 a unit) equipment arose in connection with normal replacements in the amount of \$196,630. Purchases of non-capital equipment totaled \$354,224.
- The College experienced an operating loss of \$5,877,594 as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets. However, this operating loss was offset by State appropriations of \$4,271,986, local appropriations of \$1,600,000, and other nonoperating revenues and expenses of \$180,133.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The College engages only in Business-Type Activities (BTA) financed, in part, by fees charged to students for educational services. Accordingly, it reports activities using the following three financial statements, required for proprietary funds: Statement of Net Assets; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and the Statement of Cash Flows.

The Statement of Net Assets presents the financial position of the College at the end of the fiscal year and classifies assets and liabilities into current and noncurrent. The difference between total assets and total liabilities equals net assets, and is displayed in three broad categories: invested in capital assets (net of related debt), restricted, and unrestricted.

Unrestricted net assets provides one indication of the current financial condition of the College, while the change in net assets indicates whether the overall financial condition has improved or worsened during the year.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets is basically a statement of net income that replaces the fund perspective with the entity-wide perspective. Operating and nonoperating categories segment the statement, while expenses are reported by object type. A separate footnote displays expenses reported by function, with a cross reference to the object type. The Statement of Cash Flows aids readers in identifying the sources and uses of cash by categorizing activities as operating, noncapital financing, and capital and related

financing. This statement clarifies the College's dependence on state and county appropriations by separating them from operating cash flows.

Financial Analysis

Net assets increased over FY 2008 by \$345,455. This increase was less than FY 2008's increase over FY 2007 of \$701,901. A smaller increase resulted from reduced state appropriations, and slightly increased (2.78%) salaries and benefits, offset by reduced supplies, other services, and depreciation expenditures as well as increased instructional fees and enrollment. Instructional fees were increased by \$60 for a full time student residing in Aiken County, resulting in a percentage increase of 3.42%. Student enrollment increased by 597 full time equivalent students or 12.46 %.

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. The College's total assets exceeded total liabilities by \$28,745,323, at the close of the current fiscal year.

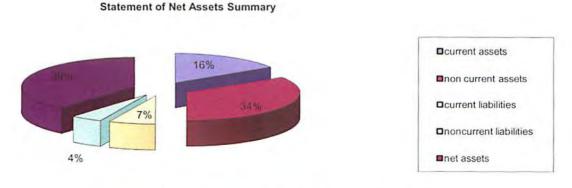
By far the largest portion of the College's net assets (76.91%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment); less any related outstanding debt used to acquire the assets. The College acquires these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the College's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Less than 1.97 % of the College's net assets represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. *Unrestricted net assets of* \$6,070,413 (21.12 % of total net assets) may be used to meet the College's ongoing obligations. The State Board for Technical Colleges requires the College to maintain one month's operating funds for liquidity. The current unrestricted net assets listed above represents in excess of three months normal operating funds.

Total operating expenses increased during the year by \$276,708 or 1.33%. The increase reflects additional investments in academic quality, primarily through the Instruction function. Overall salary and fringe benefits, the College's largest single operating expenditure increased by \$ 347,262, or 2.78 %, while expenses related to supplies and other services decreased by \$ 62,674 or 1.11%. Depreciation decreased by \$33,050, resulting from a quiet period of construction and fewer capital equipment purchases.

Charts and graphs follow that pictorially present specific areas of the College's financial condition at June 30, 2009 and comparisons with the prior year.

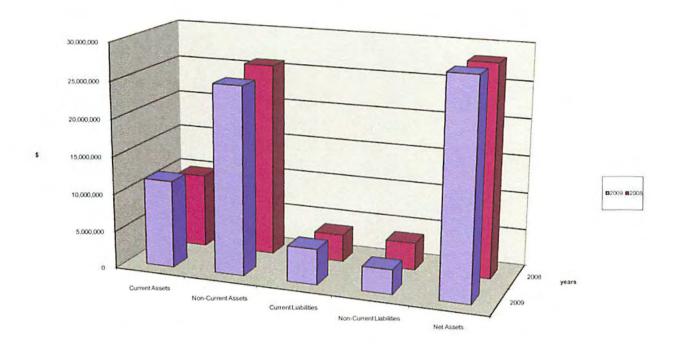
Statement of Net Assets charts



Note: Assets substantially exceed liabilities denoting a sound financial condition for the College.

The following graph illustrates the change from the prior year for Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets. Current assets increased while Non Current Assets decreased. Non-Current Liabilities decreased and Current Liabilities increased. Net Assets increased.

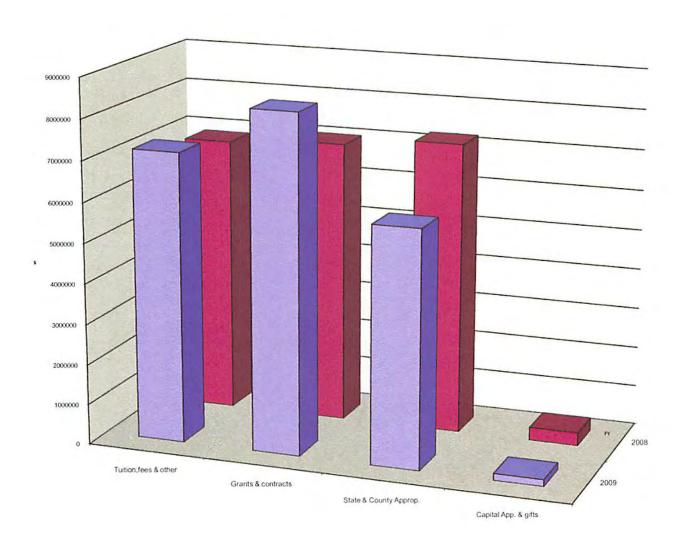
Comparison of Assets, Liabilities and Net Assets



Revenue Comparisons

The chart below shows increased Tuition, Fees, & Other revenue. Combined State and County Appropriations declined due to a large State Appropriation decrease. Capital Appropriations remained low, reflecting completion of major building projects.

Revenue comparisons FY09 to FY 08

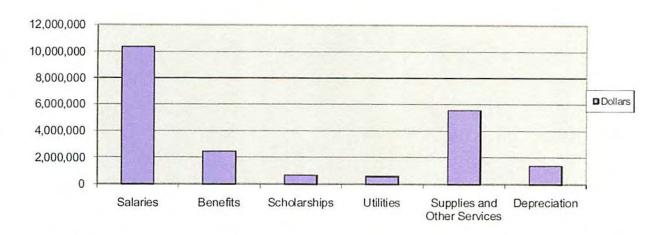


2009 2008

Expenditure charts

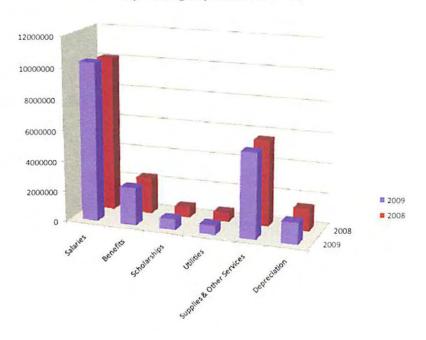
Expenditures for the College are mainly for Salaries and Supplies and Other Services as noted in the chart below:

Expenses by Classification



Operating expenses in total increased in comparison with FY 2008. Salaries and Fringe Benefits increased by 2.78 %, while Supplies & other services increased by 1.11 %. (See Financial Analysis text.)

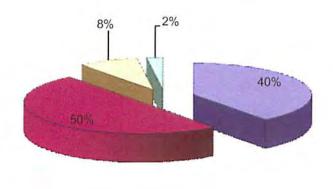
Operating Expenses Yr. to Yr.



Cash Flows chart

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$274,104.







The College continued to maintain current status on all mortgage liabilities with a planned surplus in amounts reserved for debt repayment.

Economic Factors

South Carolina (SC) economic deterioration continued during the fiscal year, as evidenced by SC coincident and leading economic indicators that dropped at an annual rate of 9.1 and 5.7%, respectively by January 2009ⁱ; however, by the end of the fiscal year South Carolina (SC) leading economic indicators increased from March 2009 by 3.7 %ⁱⁱ, providing some recovery by fiscal yearend, while the SC unemployment rate increased by May to 12.1%. ⁱⁱⁱ A SC employment pattern, exhibited in the following table of employment structure, supports health service programs offered by the College.

	U.S.—	S.C.—	Difference	S.C.—	Difference
	05/2009	01/2005	(percentage	05/2009	(percentage
	Share	Share	points)	Share	points)
Construction	4.8%	6.2%	-1.4	5.6%	-0.8
Manufacturing	9.1%	14.4%	-5.3	11.7%	-2.6
Trade, Transp and Utilities	19.3%	19.4%	-0.1	19.4%	-0.1
Information	2.2%	1.5%	0.7	1.6%	0.6
Financial Activities	5.9%	5.2%	0.7	5.6%	0.3
Prof and Business Services Education & Health	12.7%	10.9%	1.8	11.3%	1.4
Services	14.7%	9.9%	4.8	11.3%	3.4
Leisure & Hospitality	10.1%	10.9%	-0.8	11.1%	-1.0
Other Services	4.1%	3.9%	0.2	3.8%	0.3
Government	17.2%	17.6%	-0.4	18.5%	-1.3

The SC economic decline, reflected in the noted unemployment rate, and other state priorities, decreased the College's share of state revenues for its current operations by \$1,338,889 or 23.86%, from a comparatively low base.

Summary

The College continued towards previously established goals of empowering students, transforming resources into desired outcomes, and aligning College and business resources by managing costs and tuition to enable the College to finance enrollment increases, new programs, and maintenance of physical facilities. These accomplishments, represented in the financial statements by refinancing of bond debt, and conservative spending and rate increases, in a period of declining state funding and unusually large student enrollment increases, aided the College in achieving the goals noted above. In addition, non-state resources resulted from community support through the College Foundation program and scholarship support, and Aiken County plant maintenance support. The College's ability to increase Cash, Investments and other assets by \$1,820,294 as seen in the Condensed Statement of Net Assets below, indicates the fiscal soundness of the College.

Condensed Statements of Net Assets

	For the Year Ended		Increase(Dec	crease)
	30-Jun-09	30-Jun-08	\$	<u>%</u>
ASSETS				
Cash, Investments, and other assets	\$11,711,220	\$9,890,926	\$1,820,294	18.40%
Capital Assets, net	25,147,719	25,967,321	(819,602)	-3.16%
Total Assets	36,858,939	35,858,247	1,000,692	2.79%
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable and other current liabilitie	4,821,242	3,725,842	1,095,400	29.40%
Long-term liabilities	3,292,374	3,732,537	(440,163)	-11.79%
Total Liabilities	8,113,616	7,458,379	655,237	8.79%
NET ASSETS				
Invested in Capital, net of related debt	22,109,894	22,291,462	(181,568)	-0.81%
Restricted	565,016	463,475	101,541	21.91%
Unrestricted	6,070,413	5,644,931	425,482	7.54%
	\$28,745,323	\$28,399,868	\$345,455	1.22%

Condensed Statements of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes In Net Assets

	Year Ended	Year Ended	Increase(De	ecrease)
Operating Revenues	2009	2008	\$	%
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship	5,477,645	5,408,329	69,316	1.28
allowances of \$5,477,448, and \$4,097,935)				
Grants & Contracts	8,170,223	7,007,489	1,162,734	16.59
Other	1,562,454	1,452,748	109,706	7.55
Total Operating Revenues	15,210,322	13,868,566	1,341,756	9.67
Operating Expenses				
Salaries	10,358,725	10,133,881	224,844	2.22
Benefits	2,478,894	2,356,476	122,418	5.19
Scholarships & fellowships	693,658	673,936	19,722	2.93
Utilities	597,528	592,080	5,448	0.92
Supplies & other services	5,570,989	5,633,663	(62,674)	(1.11)
Depreciation	1,388,121	1,421,171	(33,050)	(2.33)
Total Operating Expenses	21,087,915	20,811,207	276,708	1.33
Operating Loss	(5,877,593)	(6,942,641)	1,065,048	(15.34)
Non operating Revenues				
State Appropriations	4,271,986	5,610,875	(1,338,889)	(23.86)
County Appropriations	1,600,000	1,627,300	(27,300)	(1.68)
Other nonoperating revenues & expenses	180,133	84,782	95,351	112.47
Total nonoperating revenues	6,052,119	7,322,957	(1,270,838)	(17.35)
Income before other revenues (expenses)	174,526	380,316	(205,790)	(54.11)
Capital Appropriations, grants & gifts	170,929	321,585	(150,656)	(46.85)
Increase in net assets	345,455	701,901	(356,446)	(50.78)
Net Assets:				
Net Assets, beginnning of year	28,399,868	27,697,967	701,901	2.53
Net Assets, end of year	\$28,745,323	\$28,399,868	\$345,455	1.22

¹ Moore School Web Site | Division of Research | Publications of the Institute of Applied Research | SC Economic Indicators | Economic Indicators 2009, Vol. 44 No. 3, March 2009, indicator data, Coincident and Leading indexes

[&]quot; <u>Moore School Web Site | Division of Research | Publications of the Institute of Applied Research | SC Economic Indicators | Economic Indicators 2009</u>, Vol. 44 No. 7, July 2009, Summary, paragraph 1

Moore School Web Site | Division of Research | Publications of the Institute of Applied Research | SC Economic Indicators | Economic Indicators 2009, Vol. 44 No. 7, July 2009, indicator data, Total Unemployment rate

Moore School Web Site | Division of Research | Publications of the Institute of Applied Research | SC Economic Indicators

Moore School Web Site | Division of Research | Publications of the Institute of Applied Research | SC Economic Indicators | Economic Indicators 2009, Vo. 44 No. 7, July 2009, Table 2

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,181,818
Accounts receivable, net	6,035,006
Inventories	459,129
Prepaid expenses	17,229
1 Topala onpolicio	
Total current assets	11,693,182
Noncurrent Assets	10.020
Restricted short-term investments	18,038
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	25,147,719
Total noncurrent assets	25,165,757
Total assets	36,858,939
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	639,001
Accounts payable	108,052
Accrued payroll liabilities	3,687,397
Deferred revenue	314,762
Bonds payable - current portion Accrued compensated absences - current portion	72,030
Accrued compensated absences - earrors portion	
Total current liabilities	4,821,242
Noncurrent Liabilities	0.722.0/2
Bonds payable	2,723,063
Accrued compensated absences	564,279
Restricted liabilities - funds held for others	5,032
Total noncurrent liabilities	3,292,374
Total liabilities	8,113,616
NET ASSETS	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	22,109,894
Restricted for debt service	519,022
Restricted for loan fund	45,994
Unrestricted	6,070,413
Total net assets	\$ 28,745,323

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

REVENUES

Operating Revenues

Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of \$5,215,480)	\$ 5,188,758
Student tuition and fees pledged for Revenue Bonds (net of scholarship allowances of \$261,968)	288,887
Federal grants & contracts	5,131,731
State grants & contracts	3,034,140
Local grants & contracts	4,352
Sales and services of educational departments	325
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances of \$804,749)	1,094,111
Other operating revenues	468,017
Total operating revenues	15,210,321
EXPENSES	
Operating Expenses	10.000.500
Salaries	10,358,725
Benefits	2,478,894
Scholarships and fellowships	693,658
Utilities	597,528
Supplies and other services	5,570,989
Depreciation	1,388,121
Total operating expenses	21,087,915
Operating loss	(5,877,594)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
State appropriations	4,271,986
County appropriations	1,600,000
Interest income	143,352
Interest expense	(158,076)
State and local grants and contracts	194,858
Net nonoperating revenues	6,052,120
Income before State capital appropriations	174,526
State capital appropriations	170,929
Increase in net assets	345,455
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	28,399,868
	\$ 28,745,323
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Student tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances)	\$	5,030,482
Federal, state and local grants and contracts		7,773,536
Sales and services of educational departments		325
Auxiliary enterprise charges (net of scholarship allowances)		935,511
Other receipts		375,817
Payments to employees		(6,330,340)
Payments to vendors	-	(12,782,516)
Net cash used in operating activities		(4,997,185)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State appropriations		4,271,986
County appropriations		1,651,150
Federal, State and local grants and contracts, non-operating		194,858
Expended for agency funds		(702)
Interest on cash and cash equivalents		177,021
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		6,294,313
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State capital appropriations		341,605
Purchase of capital assets		(586,250)
Principal paid on capital debt, net of \$1,500,000 proceeds from refinancing		(620,303)
Interest paid on capital debt		(158,076)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(1,023,024)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		274,104
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		4,907,714
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR		5,181,818

NON-CASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The College received \$33,701 in equipment from it's Foundation Component Unit as a non-cash transaction.

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:

Operating loss	\$	(5,877,594)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		1 200 121
Depreciation		1,388,121
Change in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables, net		(1,666,487)
Inventories		(154,646)
Deferred charges and prepaid expense		37,179
Accounts payable		494,656
Payroll liabilities		23,157
Accrued leave payable		31,946
Prepaid and deferred revenue		817,356
Advances		(90,873)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$</u>	(4,997,185)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE COMPONENT UNIT

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2009

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	157,674
Unconditional promises to give		61,453
Other assets		3,232
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		1,760
Total current assets		224,119
OTHER ASSETS		
Investments		3,514,302
Unconditional promises to give, net		6,540
		3,520,842
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>_\$</u>	3,744,961
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		100,412
Total current liabilities		100,412
NET ASSETS		
Unrestricted		504,363
Temporarily restricted		2,079,263
Permanently restricted		1,060,923
Total net assets		3,644,549
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	<u>s</u>	3,744,961

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE COMPONENT UNIT AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE FOUNDATION, INC. STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Uni	estricted		mporarily estricted		manently estricted		Total
REVENUES, GAINS, AND OTHER SUPPORT			•	107.707	œ.	20.000	\$	297,869
Contributions	\$	81,263	\$	196,606	\$	20,000	2	162,074
Investment Income		75,409		86,665		-		(628,321)
Net Investment Gains and Other Income		(293,547)		(334,774)		•		(020,321)
Net Assets Released from Restrictions		317,952		(317,952)				
Total Revenues, Gains, and Other Supports		181,077		(369,455)		20,000		(168,378)
EXPENSES								
Program Services								
Scholarships		131,574		-		•		131,574
Equipment and Building Support		155,464		-		-		155,464
Students and Other Programs		8,782		<u> </u>		 		8,782
Total Program Services		295,820				<u>.</u>		295,820
Supporting Services								
Management and General		91,438		•		-		91,438
Fundraising		35,806_						35,806
Total Supporting Services		127,244		•				127,244
Total Expenses		423,064						423,064
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets						•••		(501,442)
from Operations		(241,987)		(369,455)		20,000		(591,442)
NON-OPERATING ACTIVITIES				200.027				
Reclassification of Net Assets		(398,027)		398,027				
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets		(640,014)		28,572		20,000		(591,442)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,144,377		2,050,691		1,040,923		4,235,991
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	S	504,363	s	2,079,263	_\$_	1,060,923	S	3,644,549

AIKEN TECHNICAL COLLEGE NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Nature of Operations

Aiken Technical College (the "College"), a member institution of the South Carolina Technical College System, provides a range of educational programs to meet the needs of the adult population of Aiken County, South Carolina. Included in this range of programs are technical and occupational associate degrees, diploma and certificate curricula that are consistent with the needs of employers in the College's service area. As an integral part of this mission, the College provides a program of continuing education designed to satisfy the occupational demands of employers through retraining and upgrading the skills of individual employees. The College also provides a variety of developmental education programs, support services and offerings to assist students in meeting their personal and professional educational objectives.

B. Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"), consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Accordingly, the financial statements include the accounts of Aiken Technical College, as the primary government, and the accounts of Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"), its component unit. The College is part of the primary government of the State of South Carolina. However, based on the nature and significance of the Foundation's relationship with the State of South Carolina, the Foundation is not a component unit of the State of South Carolina.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit of the College. The Foundation acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The 40-member board of the Foundation is elected by the Foundation's Board of Trustees and consists of the President of the College, one or more members of the Aiken County Commission for Technical Education, the Development Office of the College, and other graduates and friends of the College. Although the College does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundation, the majority of resources, or income thereon, that the Foundation holds and invests, are restricted to the activities of the College by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundation can only be used by, or for the benefit of, the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College. The Foundation is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in its reporting model, as further described below.

The Foundation is a private not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements. Most significant to the Foundation's operations and reporting model are FASB Statement No. 116, Accounting for Contributions Received and Contributions Made, and FASB Statement No. 117, Financial Reporting for Not-for-Profit Organizations. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences. However, significant note disclosures to the Foundation's financial statements have been incorporated into the College's notes to the financial statements.

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Financial Statements

The financial statements are presented in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, and GASB Statement No. 35, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for Public Colleges and Universities. The financial statement presentation required by GASB Statements No. 34 and No. 35 provides a comprehensive, entity-wide perspective of the College's net assets, revenues, expenses and changes in net assets and cash flows that replaces the fund-group perspective previously required.

D. Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. Student tuition and auxiliary enterprise fees are presented net of scholarships and fellowships applied to student accounts, while stipends and other payments made directly are presented as scholarship expenses. All significant intra-institutional transactions have been eliminated.

The College has elected not to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989.

E. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

F. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the College considers all certificates of deposit to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and investments for the College are governed by the South Carolina Code of Laws, Section 11-9-660, "Investment of Funds". During the year ended June 30, 2005, the College implemented GASB Statement No. 40, Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures – an amendment to GASB Statement No. 3. This statement requires disclosures related to deposit risks, such as custodial credit risk, and investment risks, such as credit risk (including custodial credit risk and concentrations of credit risks) and interest rate risk. The College accounts for its investments at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools. Changes in unrealized gain (loss) on the fair value of investments are reported as a component of investment income in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets.

G. Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fee charges to students, gifts pledged and auxiliary enterprise services provided to students, faculty, and staff. Receivables also include amounts due from Federal, state and local governments or private sources, in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the College's grants and contracts. Receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The College maintains an allowance for uncollectible amounts, which is based upon actual losses experienced in prior years and evaluations of the current account portfolio.

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

H. Inventories

Inventories for internal use are valued at cost. Inventories for resale are carried at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") basis.

I. Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost at the date of acquisition or fair value at the date of donation if received by gift. The College follows capitalization guidelines established by the State of South Carolina. All land is capitalized, regardless of cost. Qualifying improvements that rest in or on the land itself are recorded as depreciable land improvements. Major additions and renovations and other improvements that add to the usable space, prepare existing buildings for new uses, or extend the useful life of an existing building are capitalized. The College capitalizes movable personal property with a unit value in excess of \$5,000 and a useful life in excess of two years and depreciable land improvements, buildings and improvements, and intangible assets costing in excess of \$100,000. Routine repairs and maintenance and library materials, except individual items costing in excess of \$5,000, are charged to operating expenses in the year in which the expense is incurred.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally 15 to 50 years for buildings and improvements and land improvements and 2 to 25 years for machinery, equipment, and vehicles. A full year of depreciation is taken the year the asset is placed in service and no depreciation is taken in the year of disposition.

J. Deferred Revenues

Deferred revenues include amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year but related to the subsequent year. Deferred revenues also include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned.

K. Compensated Absences

Employee vacation pay expense is accrued at year-end for financial statement purposes. The liability and expense incurred are recorded at year-end as a component of liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets and as a component of benefit expenses in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets, respectively.

L. Net Assets

The College's net assets are classified as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations, related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of invested in capital assets, net of related debt.

Restricted net assets – expendable: Restricted expendable net assets include resources in which the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties. Net assets restricted for debt service and for loan fund are restricted expendable net assets.

Restricted net assets - nonexpendable: Nonexpendable restricted net assets consist of endowment and similar type funds in which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, that the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal. At June 30, 2009, the College did not report any restricted net assets – nonexpendable.

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

L. Net Assets, (continued)

Unrestricted net assets: Unrestricted net assets represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College, and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose. These resources also include auxiliary enterprises, which are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty and staff.

The College's policy for applying expenses that can use both restricted and unrestricted resources is to first apply the expense to restricted resources and then to unrestricted resources.

M. Income Taxes

The College and Foundation are exempt from income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code.

N. Classification of Revenues

The College has classified its revenues as either operating or non-operating revenues according to the following criteria:

Operating revenues: Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions to provide goods or services related to the College's principal ongoing operations. These revenues include (1) student tuition and fees received in exchange for providing educational services and other related services to students; (2) receipts for scholarships where the provider has identified the student recipients; (3) fees received from organizations and individuals in exchange for miscellaneous goods and services provided by the College; and (4) grants and contracts that are essentially the same as contracts for services that finance programs the College would not otherwise undertake.

Non-operating revenue: Non-operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of non-exchange transactions. These revenues include gifts, contributions, appropriations, investment income, and any grants and contracts that are not classified as operating revenue or restricted by the grantor to be used exclusively for capital purposes.

O. Sales and Services of Educational Departments and Other Activities

Revenues from sales and services of educational and other activities generally consist of amounts received from instructional activities that incidentally create goods and services which may be sold to students, faculty, staff, and the general public.

P. Auxiliary Enterprises and Internal Service Activities

Auxiliary enterprise revenues primarily represent revenues generated by bookstores and food services. Revenues of internal service and auxiliary enterprise activities and the related expenditures of College departments have been eliminated.

Q. Capitalized Interest

When material, the College capitalizes as a component of construction in progress interest cost in excess of earnings on debt associated with capital projects that will be capitalized in the applicable capital asset categories upon completion. The College incurred \$174,861 of interest cost during the year ended June 30, 2009, \$16,785 of which was capitalized.

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

R. Component Unit

The Foundation maintains its accounts in accordance with the principles and practices of fund accounting. Fund accounting is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting purposes in accordance with activities or objectives specified by donors. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified as follows:

Permanently restricted net assets: Permanently restricted net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that require them to be maintained permanently by the Foundation. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the Foundation to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes.

Temporarily restricted net assets: Temporarily restricted net assets are subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time.

Unrestricted undesignated net assets: Unrestricted undesignated net assets are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations that will be met by actions of the Foundation and/or the passage of time.

Unrestricted designated net assets: Unrestricted designated net assets are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions but subject to Foundation Board imposed stipulations.

Revenues are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized as revenue in the period received. Conditional promises to give are not recognized as revenue until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions for in-kind gifts from outside sources are not recorded in the Foundation's financial records, but are accounted for and acknowledged separately.

Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted undesignated or unrestricted designated net assets as appropriate. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted undesignated or unrestricted designated net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or by law.

Investments are reported at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

The Foundation's unconditional promises to give at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

Unconditional promises to give Less unamortized discount	\$ 68,335 (342)
Net unconditional promises to give	\$ 67,993
Amounts due in: Less than one year One to five years	\$ 61,453 6,882
	\$ 68,335

Unconditional promises to give are reflected at the present value of estimated future cash flows using discount rates ranging from 0.54% to 5.11%.

NOTE 2 - STATE APPROPRIATIONS

State funds for the South Carolina Technical College System are appropriated to the State Board for Technical and Comprehensive Education (the Board), and the Board allocates funds budgeted for the technical colleges in a uniform and equitable manner. Appropriations are recognized as revenue when received and available. Amounts that are not expended by fiscal year-end lapse and are required to be returned to the General Fund of the State unless the Board receives authorization from the General Assembly to carry the funds over to the next year.

The following is a reconciliation of the state appropriations revenue reported in the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009:

Non-capital Appropriations

Current year's appropriations:	
Original appropriations per Annual Appropriations Act	\$ 4,271,986
Total non-capital appropriations recorded as current year revenue	\$ 4,271,986
Capital Appropriations	
Current year's appropriations:	
Lottery Equipment & State Technology Fund	\$ 170,929
Total capital appropriations recorded as current year revenue	\$ 170,929

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

DEPOSITS

State Law requires that a bank or savings and loan association (both depository financial institutions) receiving State funds must secure the deposits by deposit insurance, surety bonds, collateral securities, or letters of credit to protect the State against any loss.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the College will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The College's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the College at year-end. The credit risk categories are concerned with custodial credit risk, which is the risk that a government will not be able to recover its deposits if the depository financial institution fails to recover the value of collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party if the counterparty to the deposit transaction fails.

The deposits for the College at June 30, 2009, were \$5,196,307. Of these, none were exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized. The College recognized no loss due to default by counterparties to investment transactions and amounts recovered from prior period losses.

The deposits for the Foundation at June 30, 2009, were \$157,086. The Foundation is not bound by State law requiring collateralization of deposits; however the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured the deposit amount.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Neither the College nor the Foundation maintains deposits that are denominated in a currency other than the United States dollar; therefore, neither the College nor the Foundation is exposed to this risk.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

INVESTMENTS

The College is authorized, by the South Carolina Code of Laws, Section 11-9-660, "Investment of Funds", to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, obligations of the State of South Carolina and its political subdivisions, collateralized or federally insured certificates of deposit, and collateralized repurchase agreements.

The following schedule reconciles Cash and Cash Equivalents and restricted short-term deposits as reported on the Statement of Net Assets.

Statement of Net Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Restricted short-term investments	\$	5,181,818 18,038
Total Statement of Net Assets	\$	5,199,856
Deposits and Investments Note: Carrying value of deposits Cash on hand	\$	5,196,307 3,549
Total Deposits and Investment Note	<u> </u>	5,199,856

The ATC Foundation, Inc. is not bound by the State investment restrictions applying to the College, thereby allowing investments in both equities and fixed income securities as listed below:

Aiken Technical College Foundation

		-		Iı	ives	tment Mat	uriti	es (in year:	s)	
Investment Type Debt Securities Money Market Mutual Funds Bond Mutual Funds		Fair Value		ir Value Less than 1				6 - 10	More than 10	
		168,083 1,038,573	\$	168,083	\$	- 681,528	\$	- 357,045	\$	-
Total Debt Securities		1,206,656		168,083		681,528		357,045		-
Other Securities Mutual Funds - Equities		2,307,646		<u>-</u>						•
Total Investments	\$	3,514,302	\$	168,083	\$	681,528	\$	357,045	\$	

The Foundation's investment advisor invests in the following rated debt investments:

Aiken Technical College Foundation Rated Debt Investments

						Qu	ialii	ry Katings				
Rated Debt Investments	Fair	r Value	_	AAA		AA		Α	_	A1		Unrated
Bond Mutual Fund - average			\$	213,444 168,083	\$	825,129	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Mutual Funds		168,083	_	100,003	_		_					
Total Fair Value	\$ <u>1,</u>	206,656	\$ _	381,527	\$_	825,129	\$ _		\$_		_ \$_	

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investments will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. It occurs because potential purchasers of debt securities will not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates subsequently increase, thereby affording potential purchasers more favorable rates on essentially equivalent securities. The Foundation has no policy on interest rate risk.

For the year ended June 30, 2009, the following tables show the investments by the weighted average method. The shorter the maturities, the lower the interest rate risk, with correspondingly less yield.

Aiken Technical College Foundation Rated Debt Investments

			Weighted Average Maturity
Rated Debt Investments	Fair V	alue	(in years)
Bond Fund - Domestic	\$ 6	81,528	3.70
Bond Fund - International	1	43,601	8.40
Bond Fund - iShares Treasury	2	13,444	0.06
Money Market Mutual Funds	1	68,083	9.20
Total Fair Value	\$1,2	06,656	

NOTE 4 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2009, including applicable allowances for uncollectibles, were as follows:

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Student Accounts	\$	3,350,263
Company Accounts		1,274,223
Federal Grants & Contracts		274,172
State Grants & Contracts		384,131
Local Grants & Contracts		800,000
Interest Receivable		28,274
Other		8,943
Total Accounts Receivable	-	6,120,006
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles		(85,000)
Net Accounts Receivable	\$	6,035,006

The College recognized a receivable from the Foundation of \$100,412 at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2008	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance June 30, 2009			
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land and improvements	\$ 926,922	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 926,922			
Construction in progress	40,306	424,074	464,380				
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	967,228	424,074	464,380	926,922			
Other capital assets:							
Buildings and improvements	33,357,011	464,380	-	33,821,391			
Machinery, equipment, and other	3,438,971	196,630	42,037	3,593,564			
Intangible assets	461,809	-	-	461,809			
Vehicles	125,506	-	27,769	97,737			
Depreciable land improvements	1,453,858			1,453,858			
Total other capital assets at historical cost	38,837,155	661,010	69,806	39,428,359			
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:							
Buildings and improvements	9,876,723	1,043,298	-	10,920,021			
Machinery, equipment, and others	2,880,843	267,594	7,582	3,140,855			
Intangible assets	461,809	-	-	461,809			
Vehicles	109,158	-	27,770	81,388			
Depreciable land improvements	526,260	77,229	-	603,489			
Total accumulated depreciation	13,854,793	1,388,121	35,352	15,207,562			
Other capital assets, net	24,982,362	(727,111)	34,454	24,220,797			
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 25,949,590	\$ (303,037)	\$ 498,834	\$ 25,147,719			

A lien has been recorded as to purpose and use restrictions for a manufacturing and technology building in connection with a \$1,500,000 Economic Development Authority ("EDA") construction grant. EDA permission and refunding of a portion of the grant is necessary for any change in use or purpose as well as for any sale, lease, conveyance, or other transfer.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN

The Retirement Division of the State Budget and Control Board maintains four independent defined benefit plans and issues its own publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the separately issued CAFR may be obtained by writing to Financial Services, South Carolina Retirement Systems, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211. Furthermore, the Retirement System and the four pension plans are included in the CAFR of the State of South Carolina.

Article X, Section 16, of the South Carolina Constitution requires that all State-operated retirement systems be funded on a sound actuarial basis. Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, prescribes requirements relating to membership, benefits, and employee/employer contributions for each pension plan. Employee and employer contribution rates for the South Carolina Retirement System and the Police Officers Retirement System are actuarially determined. Annual benefits, payable monthly for life, are based on length of service and on average final compensation.

South Carolina Retirement System

The majority of employees of the College are covered by a retirement plan through the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Retirement Division, a public employee retirement system. Generally all State employees are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment unless exempted by law as provided in Section 9-1-480 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. This plan provides retirement annuity benefits as well as disability, cost of living adjustment, death, and group-life insurance benefits to eligible employees and retirees.

From July 1, 1988 to June 30, 2005 employees participating in the SCRS were required to contribute 6.0 percent of all compensation. On July 1, 2005, the required employee contribution increased to 6.25 percent. On July 1, 2006, the required employee contribution increased to 6.50 percent. Effective July 1, 2007, the employer contribution rate became 12.48 percent which included a 3.35 percent surcharge to fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage. The College's actual contributions to the SCRS for the three most recent fiscal years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, were \$526,626, \$593,478 and \$522,707, respectively, and equaled the required contributions of 8.05 percent (excluding the surcharge) and 9.06 percent (excluding the surcharge) and 8.05 (excluding the surcharge) for fiscal year 2009, 2008, and 2007, respectively. Also, the College paid employer group-life insurance contributions of \$9,813 in the current fiscal year at the rate of 0.15 percent of compensation.

Police Officers Retirement System

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan administered by the Retirement Division. Generally all full-time employees whose principal duties are the preservation of public order or the protection or prevention and control of property destruction by fire are required to participate in and contribute to the System as a condition of employment. This plan provides annuity benefits as well as disability and group-life insurance benefits to eligible employees and retirees. In addition, participating employers in the PORS contribute to the accidental death fund which provides annuity benefits to beneficiaries of police officers and firemen killed in the actual performance of their duties. These benefits are independent of any other retirement benefits available to the beneficiary.

Since July 1, 1988, employees participating in the PORS have been required to contribute 6.5 percent of all compensation. Effective July 1, 2007, the employer contribution rate became 13.72 percent which, as for the SCRS, included the 3.35 percent surcharge. The College's actual contributions to the PORS for the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007, were \$0, \$0, and \$4,743, respectively, and equaled the required contributions of 10.3 percent (excluding the surcharge) for each year. During 2007, the College replaced its internal security force with private contractors. Consequently, the College was not required to contribute to the PORS in 2009 or 2008.

NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN, Continued

Optional Retirement Program

The State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) was first established as the Optional Retirement Program for Higher Education in 1987. In its current form, the State ORP is an alternative to the defined benefit SCRS plan offered to certain state, public school and higher education employees of the State. The State ORP, which is administered by the South Carolina Retirement Systems, is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by investment providers. The State assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers and are governed by the terms of the contracts issued by them.

Under State law, contributions to the ORP are required at the same rates as for the SCRS, 8.05 percent plus the retiree surcharge of 3.35 percent from the employer in fiscal year 2009. Employees are eligible for group-life insurance benefits while participating in the State ORP. However, employees who participate in the State ORP are not eligible for postretirement group-life insurance benefits. For the years ended 2009, 2008 and 2007, total contribution requirements to the ORP were \$50,111, \$42,762 and \$31,461, respectively (excluding the surcharge) from the College as employer and \$158,193, \$151,930 and \$99,318, respectively from its employees as plan members. In addition, the College paid to the SCRS employer group-life insurance contributions of \$2,948 in the current fiscal year at the rate of 0.15 percent of compensation.

Deferred Compensation Plans

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to State employees and employers of its political subdivisions. Certain employees of the College have elected to participate. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k), and 403(b), are administered by third parties and are not included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the State of South Carolina. Compensation deferred under the plans is placed in trust for the contributing employee. The State has no liability for losses under the plans. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate State employment. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan.

Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive

Effective January 1, 2001, Section 9-1-2210 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows employees eligible for service retirement to participate in the Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) Program. TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years. Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period. Because participants are considered retired during the TERI period, they do not earn service credit and are ineligible to receive group life insurance benefits or disability retirement benefits. Effective July 1, 2005, employees who choose to participate in the TERI Program will be required to make SCRS contributions. Due to the South Carolina Supreme Court decision in Layman et al v. South Carolina Retirement System and the State of South Carolina, employees who chose to participate in the TERI Program, prior to July 1, 2005 will not be required to make SCRS contributions.

Effective July 1, 2005, retired SCRS or PORS members, including TERI participants working for a covered employee, pay the active employee contribution. The SCRS employee contribution increased by 1.01% effective July 1, 2007 and the SCRS employer contribution increased by 0.26% effective July 1, 2008. Effective July 1, 2009, the surcharge to fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage decreased by 0.07%.

NOTE 7 - POSTEMPLOYMENT AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriation Act, the State of South Carolina provides certain health care, dental, and life insurance benefits to certain active and retired State employees and certain surviving dependents of retirees. All permanent full-time and certain permanent part-time employees of the College are eligible to receive these benefits. The State provides post employment health and dental benefits to employees who retire from State service or who terminated with at least 20 years of State service who meet one or more of the eligibility requirements, such as age, length of service, and hire date. Generally those who retire must have at least 10 years of retirement service credit to qualify for these Statefunded benefits. Benefits are effective at date of retirement when the employee is eligible for retirement benefits.

These benefits are provided through annual appropriations by the General Assembly to the College for its active employees and to the State Budget and Control Board for all participating State retirees except the portions funded through the pension surcharge and provided from other applicable fund sources of the College for its active employees who are not funded by State General Fund appropriations. The State finances health and dental plan benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

The College recorded benefit expenses for these insurance benefits for active employees in the amount of \$25,944 for the year ended June 30, 2009. As discussed in Note 6, the College paid \$284,387 applicable to the 3.35 percent surcharge included with the employer contributions for retirement benefits. These amounts were remitted to the South Carolina Retirement Systems for distribution to the Office of Insurance Services for retiree health and dental insurance benefits.

Information regarding the cost of insurance benefits applicable to the College's retirees is not available. By State law, the College has no liability for retirement benefits. Accordingly, the cost of providing these benefits for retirees is not included in the accompanying financial statements.

In addition, the State General Assembly periodically directs the Retirement Systems to pay supplemental (cost of living) increases to retirees. Such increases are primarily funded from Systems' earnings; however, a portion of the required amount is appropriated from the State General Fund annually for the SCRS and PORS benefits.

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES, LITIGATION, AND PROJECT COMMITMENTS

In the opinion of the College's management, there are no material claims or lawsuits against the College that are not covered by insurance or whose settlement would materially affect the College's financial position.

The College participates in certain Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or its representative. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. Management believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

Necessary funding has been obtained for the acquisition, construction, renovation and equipping of certain facilities, which will be capitalized in the applicable capital asset categories upon completion. At June 30, 2009, the College had no outstanding commitment balances with property owners, engineering firms, construction contractors and vendors related to these projects.

The College anticipates funding these projects with current resources, current and future bond issues, private gifts, student fees, and State capital improvement bond proceeds. The State has issued capital improvement bonds to fund improvements and expansion of State facilities. The College is not obligated to repay these funds to the State. Authorized funds can be requested as needed once State authorities have given approval to begin specific projects and project expenditures have been incurred. The College had \$0 of authorized State capital improvement bond proceeds available to draw at June 30, 2009.

NOTE 9 - LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The College's non-cancelable operating lease for copiers and mail machines provides for an annual renewal option at fair rental value at the time of renewal. In the normal course of business, operating leases are generally renewed or replaced by other leases and are generally payable on a monthly basis. Total rental payments for copier and mailing equipment totaled \$86,697 for fiscal year 2009. The College will continue to lease equipment in the future at these approximate amounts. Contingent copier leases amounted to \$73,498 for the fiscal year 2009.

NOTE 10 - BONDS PAYABLE

Bonds payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2009:

Revenue Bonds

Special Fee Capital Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2001, issued December 20, 2001 due in semi-annual installments (June 15, December 15) of \$135,959 through December 15, 2016 at 5.25% per annum simple interest.

1,682,825

Special Fee Capital Improvement and Refunding Bonds, Series 2008, issued October 31, 2008. Principal payments begin June 15, 2009 with variable annual payments through June 15, 2018. Interest payments are due semi-annually (June 15, December 15) at 3.57% per annum simple interest. Proceeds from this bond were used to liquidate a Series 2003 Bond with a balance of \$1,500,000 during the year.

1,355,000

Total Bonds Payable

\$ 3,037,825

The scheduled maturities of the bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Payments
Revenue Bonds			
2010	314,762	135,530	450,292
2011	329,727	120,923	450,650
2012	345,230	105,601	450,831
2013	361,299	89,534	450,833
2014	377,965	72,691	450,656
Thereafter:			
2014- 2018	1,308,842	115,015	1,423,857
Total	\$ 3,037,825	\$ 639,294	\$ 3,677,119

The Commission imposes, maintains and collects the Special Fee upon all students in attendance at the College such that the Special Fee will produce sufficient revenues during each fiscal year to pay the principal and interest due on the Bonds.

NOTE 11 - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

Long-term liability, excluding funds held for others, activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	July 1, 2008	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2009	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable	\$ 3,658,128	\$ 1,500,000	\$ (2,120,303)	\$ 3,037,825	\$ 314,762
Accrued Compensated Absences	604,363	31,946		636,309	72,030
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 4,262,491	\$ 1,531,946	\$ (2,120,303)	\$ 3,674,134	\$ 386,792

Additional information regarding Bonds Payable is included in Note 10.

NOTE 12 - RELATED ORGANIZATIONS, RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS, AND TRANSACTIONS WITH DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc. (the "Foundation"), is a separately chartered corporation organized exclusively to receive and manage private funds for the exclusive benefit and support of the College. The Foundation's activities are governed by its Board of Directors. The financial statements of the Foundation are audited by the Foundation's independent auditors. The activities and financial position of the Foundation are not combined with the College's financial statements. However, the College's statements include transactions between the College and the Foundation. The complete financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained by mailing a request to Mary Commons, Aiken Technical College Foundation, Inc., P. O. Drawer 696, Aiken, SC 29802-0696, by calling (803) 593-9231, ext. 1332, or by e-mailing a request to commons@atc.edc.

Management reviewed its relationship with the Foundation under the existing guidance of GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39. Because of the nature and significance of its relationship with the College, the Foundation is considered a component unit of the College.

Following is a summary of significant transactions between the Foundation and the College for the year ended June 30, 2009.

The College recorded non-governmental gift receipts of \$178,863 from the Foundation in non-operating revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009. These funds were used to support College programs such as scholarships, Allied Health Salaries, and educational equipment. The Foundation reimburses the College for any purchases made by the College on behalf of the Foundation. The College provides office space and administrative services to the Foundation. The College invoiced the Foundation a total of \$53,158 for reimbursement for administrative services provided to the Foundation during the year. The College was due \$100,412 from the Foundation as of June 30, 2009. The College had payables of \$3,232 due to the Foundation as of June 30, 2009. The Foundation's assets as of June 30, 2009 were \$3,744,961, with net assets of \$3,644,549.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The College is exposed to various risks of loss and maintains State or commercial insurance coverage for each of those risks. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. Settlement claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three years.

The State of South Carolina believes it is more economical to manage certain risks internally and set aside assets for claim settlement. Several State funds accumulate assets and the State itself assumes substantially all the risk for the following claims of covered employees:

- Unemployment compensation benefits
- Worker's compensation benefits for job-related illnesses or injuries
- Health and dental insurance benefits
- · Long-term disability and group-life insurance benefits

Employees elect health insurance coverage through either a health maintenance organization or through the State's self-insured plan.

The College and other entities pay premiums to the State's Insurance Reserve Fund (IRF), which issues policies, accumulates assets to cover the risk of loss, and pays claims incurred for covered losses relating to the following activities:

Theft, damage to, or destruction of assets Real property, its contents, and other equipment

Natural disasters

Torts

Motor vehicles and watercraft

Medical malpractice claims against the Infirmary

The IRF is a self-insurer and purchases reinsurance to obtain certain services and to limit losses in certain areas. The IRF's rates are determined actuarially.

The College also has employee fidelity bond insurance for all employees for losses arising from theft or misappropriation.

NOTE 14 - STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FORMAT

The following information is required by the Office of the Comptroller General for the State of South Carolina's comprehensive annual financial report:

	2009	2008	Increase / (Decrease)
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Less: expenses	\$ 15,210,322 1,938,210 (21,245,992)	\$ 13,507,053 2,354,453 (21,092,065)	\$ 1,703,269 (416,243) (153,927)
Net program expense	(4,097,460)	(5,230,559)	(1,133,099)
Transfers State appropriations State capital appropriations	4,271,986 170,929	5,610,875 321,585	(1,338,889) (150,656)
Total transfers	4,442,915	5,932,460	(1,489,545)
Change in net assets	345,455	701,901	(356,446)
Net assets, beginning of year	28,399,868	27,697,967	701,901
Net assets, end of year	\$ 28,745,323	\$ 28,399,868	\$ 345,455

NOTE 15 - OPERATING EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Operating expenses by functional classification for the year ended June 30, 2009 are summarized as follows:

		Salaries		Benefits		holarships and ellowships	Utilities		upplies and ther Services	_ D	epreciation		Total
Instruction	\$	6,307,007	\$	1,455,087	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,633,749	\$	-	\$	9,395,843
Academic Support		819,238		206,499		-	-		277,090		-		1,302,827
Student Services		1,227,132		293,473		-	-		578,559		-		2,099,164
Operation and				•		-					-		
Maintenance of Plant		377,566		77,368		-	597,528		856,462		-		1,908,924
Institutional Support		1,493,162		418,405		_	•		721,651		-		2,633,218
Scholarships		-		-		693,658	•		-		-		693,658
Auxiliary Enterprises		134,621		28,061		-	_		1,503,478		-		1,666,160
Depreciation		-				-	 -		•		1,388,121	. <u>—</u>	1,388,121
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$</u>	10,358,726	<u>\$</u>	2,478,893	<u>\$</u>	693,658	\$ 597,528	<u>s</u>	5,570,989	\$	1,388,121	<u>\$</u>	21,087,915